

Multiprocessor task problems with parallel processors

- **maximal polynomially solvable:**

$P outtree; r_i; p_i = p C_{max}$	Brucker et al. (1977) [5]
$P tree; p_i = p C_{max}$	Hu (1961) [19], Davida & Linton (1976) [12]
$P2 prec; p_i = p; size_i C_{max}$	Lloyd (1981) [25]
$Pm r_i; p_i = p; size_i C_{max}$	Baptiste (2003B) [1]
$P chains; r_i; p_i = 1 L_{max}$	Dror et al. (1998) [13], Baptiste et al. (2004) [2]
$P intree; p_i = p L_{max}$	Brucker et al. (1977) [5], Monma (1982) [26]
$P2 prec; r_i; p_i = 1 L_{max}$	Garey & Johnson (1977) [17]
$P \sum C_i$	Bruno et al. (1974) [10]
$P outtree; p_i = p \sum C_i$	Hu (1961) [19]
$P outtree; r_i; p_i = 1 \sum C_i$	Brucker et al. (2002) [6]
$P2 prec; p_i = p \sum C_i$	Coffman & Graham (1972) [11]
$Pm intree; p_i = p \sum C_i$	Baptiste et al. (2004) [2]
$Pm r_i; p_i = p; size_i \sum C_i$	Baptiste (2003B) [1]
$P r_i; p_i = p \sum w_i C_i$	Brucker & Kravchenko (2008) [9]
$Pm p_i = p; size_i \sum w_i C_i$	Drozdowski & Dell' Olmo (2000) [14]
$P2 r_i; p_i = 1; size_i L_{max}$	Baptiste & Schieber (2003) [3]
$Pm r_i; p_i = p \sum w_i U_i$	Baptiste et al. (2004) [2]
$Pm p_i = p; size_i \sum w_i U_i$	Brucker et al. (2000) [7]
$P r_i; p_i = p \sum T_i$	Brucker & Kravchenko (2005) [8]
$Pm p_i = p; size_i \sum T_i$	Brucker et al. (2000) [7]
$P p_i = p \sum w_i U_i, \sum w_i T_i$	Assignment-problem
$P r_i; p_i = 1 \sum w_i U_i, \sum w_i T_i$	Networkflowproblem

- **maximal pseudopolynomially solvable:**

$P3 size_i C_{max}$	Du & Leung (1989) [15]
$Pm r_i C_{max}, Pm \sum w_i C_i, Pm \sum w_i U_i$	Lawler et al. (1989) [20]

- **minimal NP-hard:**

$P2 C_{max}$	Lenstra et al. (1977) [24]
* $P C_{max}$	Garey & Johnson (1978) [18]
* $P intree; r_i; p_i = 1 C_{max}$	Brucker et al. (1977) [5]
* $P p_i = 1; size_i C_{max}$	Lloyd (1981) [25]
* $P prec; p_i = 1 C_{max}$	Ullman (1975) [28]
* $P2 chains C_{max}$	Du et al. (1991) [16]
* $P2 chains; r_i; p_i = 1; size_i C_{max}$	Brucker et al. (2000) [7]
* $P2 r_i; size_i C_{max}$	Lee & Cai (1999) [21]
* $P3 chains; p_i = 1; size_i C_{max}$	Blazewicz & Liu (1996) [4]
* $P5 size_i C_{max}$	Du & Leung (1989) [15]
* $P outtree; p_i = 1 L_{max}$	Brucker et al. (1977) [5]
* $P2 chains; p_i = 1; size_i L_{max}$	Brucker et al. (2000) [7]
* $P2 size_i L_{max}$	Lee & Cai (1999) [21]
$P2 size_i \sum C_i$	Lee & Cai (1999) [21]
* $P intree; r_i; p_i = 1 \sum C_i$	Lenstra (-) [22]
* $P p_i = 1; size_i \sum C_i$	Drozdowski & Dell' Olmo (2000) [14]
* $P prec; p_i = 1 \sum C_i$	Lenstra & Rinnooy Kan (1978) [23]
* $P2 chains \sum C_i$	Du et al. (1991) [16]
* $P2 intree; p_i = 1; size_i \sum C_i$	Zinder & Do (2005) [29]
* $P2 outtree; p_i = 1; size_i \sum C_i$	Zinder et al. (2005) [30]
* $P2 r_i \sum C_i$	Single-machine problem
$P2 \sum w_i C_i$	Bruno et al. (1974) [10]
* $P \sum w_i C_i$	Lenstra (-) [22]
* $P2 chains; p_i = 1 \sum w_i C_i$	Timkovsky (1998) [27]
* $P2 size_i \sum w_i C_i$	Lee & Cai (1999) [21]
* $P2 chains; p_i = 1 \sum U_i, \sum T_i$	Single-machine problem

- **minimal open:**

$P2 r_i; p_i = p; size_i L_{max}$	$P2 r_i; p_i = 1; size_i \sum w_i C_i$	$P2 r_i; p_i = 1; size_i \sum T_i$
$Pm r_i; p_i = 1; size_i L_{max}$	$P2 r_i; p_i = 1; size_i \sum U_i$	$P2 p_i = 1; size_i \sum w_i T_i$
$P2 chains; p_i = 1; size_i \sum C_i$		

- **maximal open:**

$Pm chains; r_i; p_i = p; size_i \sum C_i$	$Pm r_i; p_i = p; size_i \sum w_i U_i$	$Pm r_i; p_i = p; size_i \sum w_i T_i$
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